

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name CAMPER GUARD TOP COAT TC50™

Synonyms N/A

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses PROTECTIVE COATING

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Product

Supplier Name DURABLE SURFACE COATINGS PTY LTD

ABN 51 641 433 703

Address Unit 2, 100 Kingston Road, Underwood, QLD, 4119, Australia

Telephone 1300 800 054

Emailinfo@durablesurfacecoatings.com.auWebsitehttp://www.durablesurfacecoatings.com.au

1.4 Emergency Telephone Numbers

Poison Information Centre Australia 13 11 26
Poison Information Centre New Zealand 0800 764 766

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

GHS Classifications Flammable Liquids: Category 3

Aspiration Hazard: Category 1 Acute Toxicity: Skin: Category 4 Skin Sensitisation: Category 1 Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 4 Respiratory Sensitisation: Category 1

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 3

2.2 Label Elements

Signal Word DANGER

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention Statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response Statements

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or

doctor/physician.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.

Storage Statements

P403 + P233 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal Statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other Hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	64742-95-6	265-199-0	<29%
CYCLOHEXANE, 5-ISOCYANATO-1-(ISOCYANATOMETHYL) -1,3,3-TRIMETHYL-	4098-71-9	259-370-9	<10%
HEXANE, 1,6-DIISOCYANATO-, HOMOPOLYMER	28182-81-2	223-861-6	<10%
2-PROPANOL, 1-ETHOXY-, ACETATE	54839-24-6	259-370-9	<10%

Ingredient Notes Ingredients (not listed above) are considered trade secret and determined not to

be hazardous, below cut off limits, or do not affect classifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue

flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at

least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A

(Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas).

Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and

hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a

Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or

a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact. Individuals with pre-existing respiratory impairment (eg asthmatics) or known sensitivities to isocyanates should avoid exposure.

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4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/nitrogen oxides, isocyanates, cyanides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, pilot lights, heaters, naked lights, mobile phones, etc when handling. Earth containers when dispensing fluids.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

•3Y

Alcohol Resistant Foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not

available, normal foam can be used.

Y Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus.

Contain spill and run-off.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover/absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precaution for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, direct sunlight, moisture, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation and fire protection systems.

7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
ISOCYANATES, ALL (as-NCO)	SWA (AUS)	-	0.02	-	0.07

Biological Limits

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No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists,

mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels

below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye/FaceWear splash-proof googlesHandsWear viton (R) or nitrile gloves

Body Wear coveralls

Respiratory Wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If cutting or sanding with potential for

dust generation, wear a Type A-Class P1 (Organic gases/vapours and particulate) respirator. If spraying, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas,

wear an Air-line respirator.









9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance SLIGHTLY VISCOUS CLEAR LIQUID

Odour CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR

Flammability FLAMMABLE
Flash Point >44°C
Boiling Point >170°C

Melting PointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation RateNOT AVAILABLEpHNOT AVAILABLEVapour Density>1 (Air = 1)Specific Gravity0.96

Solubility (water) INSOLUBLE Vapour Pressure NOT AVAILABLE

Upper Explosion Limit 7% Lower Explosion Limit 1%

Partition Coefficient
Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Explosive Properties
Oxidising Properties
Odour Threshold
NOT AVAILABLE
NOT AVAILABLE
NOT AVAILABLE
NOT AVAILABLE
NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg hypochlorites), acids (eg sodium hydroxide), alcohols, amines, heat and ignition sources. Reacts with water or moisture, generating carbon dioxide, which may cause container rupture.

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/nitrogen oxides, isocyanates, cyanides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity (LD50)	Dermal Toxicity (LD50)	Inhalation Toxicity (LC50)
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC (<0.1% W/W BENZENE)	8400mg/kg (rat)	-	-
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	4825mg/kg (rat)	1060mg/kg (rat)	123mg/m³/4hours (rat)

Skin Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled. Exposure to low concentrations of isocyanates may cause asthma-like symptoms, including tightness of the chest, coughing,

wheezing and shortness of breath.

MutagenicityInsufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityInsufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen.ReproductiveInsufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.

STOT - single exposure Over exposure may result in mucous membrane irritation of the respiratory tract,

coughing, and at high levels nausea, breathing difficulties with asthma-like

symptoms, with wheezing and shortness of breath.

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to lungs/respiratory system through prolonged or repeated

inhalation exposure.

Aspiration May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Isocyanates will react with water producing carbon dioxide and forming a solid mass (polyurea) which is insoluble. Product will not accumulate or biomagnify in the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an

approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information if disposing of large quantities (if required). Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may

result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



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	LAND TRANSPORT	SEA TRANSPORT	AIR TRANSPORT
	(ADG)	(IMDG/IMO)	(IATA/ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1263	1263	1263
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	PAINT or PAINT	PAINT or PAINT	PAINT or PAINT
	RELATED MATERIAL	RELATED MATERIAL	RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport Hazard Class	3	3	3
14.4 Packing Group	III	III	III

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not a marine pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user

 Hazchem code
 •3Y

 GTEPG
 3C1

 EMS
 F-E, S-E

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of

Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS)

of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria

for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard Codes F Flammable

N Dangerous for the environment

Xi Irritant Xn Harmful

Risk Phrases R10 Flammable

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with the skin.
R42/43 May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects

in the aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (where applicable).

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S37/39 Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advise

immediately (show the label where possible).

Inventory Listings AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

ISOCYANATES: Asthma sufferers,, respiratory impaired or previously sensitised individuals are advised to avoid all exposure to isocyanates. Please note that products containing isocyanates often require the preparation of safe working procedures before product is used.

EPOXY - PHENOXY RESINS AND POLYURETHANES: Where spray painting with two or more component epoxy resins or polyurethane paints is undertaken, an employee shall wear an air-line respirator, full length chemically resistant coveralls and gloves. Further, if an individual is to enter an enclosed booth where a vapour or gas curing process is occurring, an air-line respirator is required. Once cured, these resins are considered non toxic.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The recommendation for

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protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify

chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System EC No. European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying

Dangerous Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic)

to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by DSC in good faith from the best information available at the time of issue. It is based on the present level of research and on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the raw materials, or products and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to DSC by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

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